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☞ Letters and contributions, by mail, will have prompt attention.
D. W. SCOTT, Jr., Editor.

BEAVER ARGUS.

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

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Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

POETICAL.

THE CENTURY FLOWER.

BY REV. E. A. WASHBURN, D.D.

Noon of night! in slumber pale
The dreaming soul of nature lies;
See lifts the flower its mystic veil,
And flushes morning from its eyes.
Hundred years of waning earth;
Of frost and sunbeam, blight and bloom;
Of birth, that gave its infant birth,
A frailer flower has sought the tomb.

A hundred years! what empires sped,
As eddies on the whirling tide!
Lands roofed beneath Napoleon's tread,
And green'er flourished sung and died.
Yet dumb in silence strange,
Those fringed eyelids wait the hour,
Till ripening through each mighty change,
It blooms, Time's rich, full opened flower.

A hundred years! the soul of truth
Fe'er so has lain in death-like rest;
Yet lives a Thought its budding youth
Wrapped in some holy prophet breast.
It dawns! the spell of ages breaks!
Starkly it towers o'er barren men;
A world of perfumed beauty wakes,
Then drops its seed to rise again.

A hundred years! our fathers lie
Calm sleeping on the field of toil;
We build, we drive the plowshare by,
Heedless of aught beneath the soil.
Silent, through inspiring night,
Still grew the bud; but, see! the morn!
See! burst the glorious petals white,
And Freedom's Century flower is born!

—*U. S. Service Magazine.*

Miscellaneous.

[From the Independent.]

The Enemy we Fight.

Are we fighting the common people of the South? By no means.—They are shamefully misled and betrayed by their wily and desperate rulers. Could the masses of the non-slaveholders in "Dixie" fully understand the animus of our Government, and could they vote without terror of the bayonet, they would reinstate the Federal authority over the whole region of rebeldom. We have no feeling for the Southern masses but fraternal kindness.

Are we figisting their leaders? Not as men; not as enemies whom we wish to exterminate from personal hatred. It is as traitors to our best interests and *their own*, that we seek to overthrow them. Nor would they ever have been traitors for an hour, but for the accursed system of slavery.—Every leading rebel is a slaveholder; *almost* every slaveholder is a rebel, and has been since Riffle fired slavery's cowardly shot among the half starved band of heroes in Fort Sumter.—Slavery made the rebellion. Slavery keeps it alive, let its arch leader say what he will. The enemy against whom we have been aiming our bullets for three bloody years, and against whom loyal men will aim their ballots at the coming election, is the barbed-fly sin and crime of slavery. Do not let us lose sight of that an instant. The Union lives only with liberty while slavery exists, the dragon's tooth of secessism is yet lingering beneath the ground, to shoot up again in armed traitors.

In warring against slavery, too, let us never forget that it is the system we make war against, and not the slaveholding individuals who inherited the curse from their fathers. We war against they system, not merely for our preservation as a *united* nation, but for the deliverance of our Southern territory from an organism of evil that has worked infinite mischief there for a century. That is *our* territory; it belongs to *our* nation; it has long been overrun by a system that impoverished and demoralized and disgraced its occupants, and has even aimed an assassin-stab at the nation's life. And in fighting to exterminate slavery, we *are the South's best benefactors*. We are fighting for the slaveholders' real interests, material and moral. We are warring to emancipate, not only 3,000,000, of our black brethren, but 5,000,000 of our white brethren too. To-day, Abraham Lincoln is a thousandfold truer friend to Southern interests than Jefferson Davis or Gen. Lee.

We make a vital mistake when we denounce slavery as solely an outrage on the natural rights of the negro. In every crime an infinitely greater evil to the one who commits it than to him against whom it is committed? The oppressor suffers, in fact, infinitely worse than the oppressed. No man could visit the South in past years, without observing that, abominable as slavery was, *the white, had the worst of it*. The overworked, unpaid, downtrodden, plundered slave was even the least sufferer; for he was innocent of all complicity in the sin. The poor non-slaveholding whites were more degraded than the bondman, more vicious, more pitiable and hopeless.—But the worst sufferers in the South were the worst sinners—*the negro drivers themselves*. Their system was fast destroying them. It made the slaveholder's land less valuable, his home less pure, his family less moral, his character less manly, his eternal interests less safe. Slavery, as a system, was death to the South. It was fatal to good agriculture, to good education, to good morals, to the eternal welfare of the souls who drank of its poison cup. For one, I know slavery thoroughly; I was educated among the sons of slaveholders; many of my fellow-students are now leaders in this iniquitous rebellion. I always found that slavery made its prepetrators indolent, insolent, and generally licentious. This was its *tendency* inevitably; but few escaped its blight. Slavery eats out the conscience, Slavery corrupted the pulpit. Slavery falsifies the Word of God. Slavery rots out the moral sense; what else so soon could have made men traitors to their country and their God?

Many of the most hideous evils of slavery can only be discovered by living where it exists. The secrets of the house of bondage must be found out by entering its dungeon-doors. Many of those secrets are too loathsome for publication. Even at the risk of trenching on delicacy, we give a single fact (which we have never seen in print) as an illustration of the one infernal system under which such outrages are possible.

A Christian friend of ours, a few years since, was descending a Western river on a steamer. On the forward deck he met a pretty, modest-looking mulatto girl, who, he was told, had been purchased by a planter on board and who was taking her "down South" as his slave. Our friend fell into a conversation with the unhappy young woman, and found that she was unusually intelligent, and was a devout and zealous member of the Methodist church. Returning to the cabin, he said to the planter "What is a nice, likely girl you have got yonder; what did you give for her?" The planter replied substantially, "Yes stranger, she is a pretty wench. I came across her in Kentucky. You see, I have got a lot of boys growing up. I live down in Alabama, near a town. My boys keep running off after women on other plantations. So I paid a big price, and bought this young girl for them! You understand how it is, stranger. A likely woman, ain't she?"

Our friend found it as hard to keep from knocking the wretch into the river as we do to send this loathsome incident for pure eyes to look upon.—But this coal traffic in the body and soul of one of Christ's redeemed children is only a *necessary inevitable* and *frequent* result and fruit of the system of chattle-slavery. Irresponsible power over a weak, subject race breeds such crimes, and produces the criminals who have made the fair South the nestling-place of lechery, laziness, insolence and treason. Can any true friend of the South, of the country, of humanity, or of God, vote, this fall, to perpetuate the "sum of all villainies?" Whatever the intention of the voter, it seems undeniable that every ballot thrown against our national authorities is practically sustaining the accursed rebellion, and the satanic system that gave it birth. For one, I know no party, but my country; no "platform," but the Golden Rule of Right.

REV. THEO. L. CUYLER.

WELL PUT.—The emancipation policy, says the New York *Post*, has taken away from the rebels nearly a million of the population from which they are now drawing soldiers; one hundred thousand colored men, mostly southern blacks, are serving the Union flag. If it had not been for the proclamation and the policy for which Mr. Lincoln is condemned by the McClellan men, three hundred thousand men would next spring serve against the Union, in the rebel armies. The emancipation proclamation and policy have deprived the rebels of a productive population of a million—and yet the American people are told by a parcel of blind politicians that it was a great mistake, that it was a blunder, a Pope's bull against the comet," and so on.

☞ It is a fact, though not generally known, that two hundred and thirty years ago $24 purchased the whole city and county of New York.

Elegant Extracts from Old Divines.

HARD TO LIVE.

Which is the most difficult, living or dying? I know not; yet to live rightly appears to me the hardest. It is hard to deny one's self; to undergo privations; to mortify all sinful inclinations; to sever all the ties which bind us to the world; and, when God calls, to resign the spirit back to his hands with joy. But perhaps it is harder still to walk on in this dark vale with patient courage; to be content not to see, and to take up with the blindness of faith; to tread in the footsteps of the Savior without backsliding, and never, either from inclination or from weariness or from compliance, to yield to temptation, turning neither to the right nor to the left; to endure the weaknesses and the failings of brethren, and also our own, without distrusting ourselves or them; to love our brethren as ourselves, and ourselves not more than our brethren; and in labors of love toward them to continue on until hearts shall break in death, so to live I say, is perhaps more difficult than to die; or rather we might the one as well as the other, through divine grace. Only must our hearts stand perpetually open to the reception of this grace, and the disposition to receive it, we strengthen and preserve, while lingering by the graves of our friends.—*Theremin.*

AN OVERWROUGHT CONSCIENCE.

How great these torments of conscience are here, let any man imagine that can but understand what despair means; despair upon just reason; let it be what it will, no misery can be greater than despair. And because I hope none here have felt those horrors of an evil conscience which are contagious to eternity, you may please to learn it by your own reason, or else by the sad instances of story. It is reported of Petrus Bosvanus, a Polonial schoolmaster, that having read some ill managed discourses of reprobation, he began to be fantastic and melancholic, and apprehensive that he might be one of those many whom God had decreed for hell from all eternity.

From possible to probable, from probable to certain, the temptation soon carried him; and when he once began to believe himself to be a person inevitably perishing, it is not possible to understand perfectly what infinite fears and agonies, and despairs, what tremblings, what horrors, what confusion and amazement, the poor man felt felt within him, to consider that he was to be tormented extremely, without remedy, even to eternal ages. This, in a short continuance, grew insufferable, and prevailed upon him so far that he hanged himself and left an account of it to this purpose in writing in his study: "I have gone from hence to the flames of hell, and have forced my way thither, being impatient to try what those great tormments are, which here I have feared with an insupportable amazement." This instance may suffice to show what it is to lose a soul.—*Jeremy Taylor.*

THE VICARIOUS ATONEMENT.

Now look at the imaginary God of the Indians, watching with a kind of savage delight the agonies of his votaries; and then look at your Redeemer, bearing away all the sufferings to which you were devoted, and assisting you in the conflict that you have yet to undergo. He was verily and indeed crucified for our sakes, and His body nailed to the tree; but when He turns to us, He lays the cross gently upon our shoulders, and when he commands us to be crucified with him, he asks for no torments, no blood, but that we should present our bodies a living sacrifice, holy and acceptable, which is our reasonable service;" that we should offer them as temples for His holy spirit, that we may glorify Him in our body and in our spirit.—*Wolfe.*

☞ The late Judge Taney clung to life with wonderful tenacity in spite of his illness. As long ago as 1810, a gentleman in Maryland having some interest in a disputed land case, in which there was considerable more feeling than money involved, inquired of a merchant in Baltimore for the name of some able lawyer to be employed. The name of Mr. Taney was given. The gentleman called on the latter, but, after talking with him a while, declined engaging his services, giving afterward as his reason that he intended his case should stay in court at least five years, that Taney would not live half that time, and then he would have to engage new council. Fifty years have passed since then, and ten years ago that individual and all the other parties to the protracted suit, as well as the lawyers on both sides, and the judge who tried the cause, were all dead, and Taney was as hale and hearty as he had ever been, but still moving about with his apparent feebleness.

☞ An ingenious Pennsylvanian has invented a machine for coal mining, which weighs 200 pounds, costs $300 and will do the work of twenty men.—The machine operates on a series of picks, which have the peculiar motion of the human arm when manipulating a pick in undermining or boring into the coal, and are moved up to their work by the same mechanism which operates them, and their motion and movements can be graduated to any desired speed; hence the machine can be worked by hand, horse, or steam power.

The Household Expenses.

A writer in the *Atlantic Monthly* has analyzed the cost of the respective articles consumed in a family of six grown persons and two children, whose united expenses for the year for food amounted to $926.33. This analysis is summed up for each item, showing the following result: Butter cost almost one-tenth of the whole expense. Flour and wheat bread cost also one-tenth. Beef cost one-tenth; other meats cost a tenth and a half of which was spent for eating and drinking; tea, coffee, etc., one-tenth; sugar and milk one-tenth; fish, eggs, potatoes, etc., one-tenth. The comments the writer may possibly induce those to make an economical investigation into their own expenses. He says:

"Thus it is, that three-quarters of what you eat will be spent on your bread and butter, your meat, eggs and potatoes, your coffee, tea, milk and sugar, for twenty-one articles on a list of one hundred and seven. Fresh vegetables besides, if canned, will take one fifth of what is left, say five per cent of the whole expense. The doctor will order porter or wine when your back aches. Save anything to do with them until he does order them, but reserve another five per cent for them. The rest is grace. If it is yeast, it is vinegar, pepper, mustard; it is sardines, it is cider; it is the unconsidered world of trifles which make up the visible difference between the table of high civilization and that of the Abyssinian or the Black-foot Indian. Let us hope it is not much cream of tartar or nitrates. It is grits and grapes, it is lard and lemons, it is maple sugar and lemons, it is nuts and nutmeg, or any other alliteration that you fancy.

"Rich or poor, buy it in large quantities as you can. Rich or poor, pay cash. Rich or poor, do not try to do without nitrogen. Rich or poor, vary steadily the bills of fare. Now the minimum of what you can support life upon at this moment, is daily told Jeff Davis makes the calculation for you. It is a quarter of a pound of salt pork a day, with rice Graham, hard tack. A year of Jeff Davis' diet would cost you and I, reader, if you bought in Confederate shinplasters, dollars. A year at Rye Beach just now would cost you two or three thousand dollars."

Jackson and Union.

In 1837, President Jackson wrote from Washington to a Mrs. Jackson, of New York city, a letter of thanks for the compliment given him by the lady in making her son his namesake. The following passages occur in that old Union man's letter:

I inclose herewith the usual gift to this namesake that I have bestowed to all my others; it bears the impress of the Eagle of his country, displayed on all her banners—and as the child grows in years and in wisdom, I have to depend upon you to explain to him, with this injunction of his godfather, that when he arrives at the years of manhood, he will always be found sustaining the Eagle of his country from the insult or grasp of a foreign foe, *and the still more dangerous enemy the intestine traitor who may engage in the wicked scheme of severing our glorious Union, upon which depends the perpetuation of our happy Government, which will endure or long as our code of the system lasts, and no longer. Instill in his mind that our federal Union must be preserved.* To the patriotism of his dear parents I trust this lesson will be early impressed, with all moral virtues, on his mind.

I beg you to kiss the dear boy for me, and present him with my blessing. My prayers will be constantly offered up for him, that he may have long and useful life, that he may be a blessing to his parents in the declining years, and enjoy a happy immortality. With my sincere prayers for your and your dear husband's welfare and happiness here and hereafter, and that of your amiable family,

I am, very respectfully, your friend,

ANDREW JACKSON.

"Mrs. Jackson, of the city of New York."

Do not Write Poetry.

"Irenæus," in the New York *Observer* gives young rhymers a fragment of advice, thus:—

"If you cannot help it, if it sings in your head and will be heard, why then there is no other way but to put it upon paper and send it to the printer. But try to help it if you can.—There are only two or three poets alive at any time. A great poet makes and marks an age; and poor poets, or those who think they are poets and are not, are plenty as blackberries.—Every hamlet has its poetaster. Oh, how much valuable white paper is spoiled by people who think they can write poitry, and cannot. Verse is not poetry. You may make correct verse with faultless rhymes, and there is not a gleam of poetry in it. Poetry requires a peculiar faculty; the imagination; and you may have genius, sense, learning and the power of expressions, so as to write prose to rival Burke or Johnson, and after all, make yourself ridiculous by trying your hand at poetry. Write prose.

Gen Butler on the Death of Gen. Birney.

Major General Butler issued the following order upon the receipt of the intelligence of the death of General Birney.

Headquarters Department Virginia and North Carolina, Army of the James in the Field, Friday, Oct 21, 1864.—General Orders No 125—Soldiers of the Army of the James: With deep grief from the heart, the word must be said, Major General David B. Birney is dead. But yesterday he was with us, leading you to victory. If choice of the manner of death had been his, it would have been to have died on field of battle as your cheers rang in his ear. But the All Wise determined all things well. Gen. Birney died at his home in Philadelphia, on Tuesday last, of disease contracted on the field, in the line of his duty.

Surrounded by all that makes life desirable, a happy home, endeared family relations, leaving affluence and ease, as a volunteer at the call of his country, he came into the service in April, 1861. Almost every battle-field whereupon the Army of the Potomac has fought has witnessed his valor.—Rising rapidly in his profession, no more deserved appointment had been made by the President than Gen. Birney's assignment to the command of the Tenth Army Corps. The respect and love of the soldiers of his own corps has been shown by the manner they followed him. The patriot, the hero, the soldier, by no death has the country sustained a greater loss. Although not bred to arms, he has shown every soldierly quality, and illustrated that it was the profession of his love and choice.

It is not the purpose of this order, nor will the woe of the heart of the officer giving it now permit him to write General Birney's eulogy. Yet even amid the din of arms, and upon eve of battle, it is fit that we, his comrades, should pause a moment to draw from the example of his life the lesson it teaches. To him the word "duty," with all its obligations and incentives, was the spur of action. He had no enemies, save the enemies of his country. A friend a brother to us all, it remains to us to say to it, by treading the path of duty as he has done, that his great object for which he has struggled with us and laid down his life shall not fail, and his death be profitless.

Soldiers of the Tenth Army Corps, your particular grief at the loss of your brave commander has the sympathy of every soldier in the army. It will be yours to show your respect to his memory by serving your country in the future as with you Birney has served it in the past.

By command of Maj. Gen. BUTLER.

ED. W. SMITH, A. A. General.

One of Lamb's Best.

Lamb once convulsed a company with an anecdote of Coleridge which without doubt he hatched in his boozy-loving brain. "I was," he said, "coming from my house at Enfield to the East India House one morning, when I met Coleridge on his way to pay me a visit. He was brimful of some new idea, and, in spite of my assuring him that time was precious, he drew me within the gate of an unoccupied garden by the road-side, and there, sheltered from observation by a hedge of evergreens, he took me by the button of my coat and, closing his eyes, commenced an eloquent discourse, waving his right hand gently as the musical words flowed in an unbroken stream from his lips. I listened entranced; but the striking clock recalled me to a sense of duty. I saw it was of no use to attempt to break away; so, taking advantage of his absorption in his subject, and, with my pocket-knife, quietly severing my button from my coat, I decamped. Five hours afterwards, in passing the same garden, on my way home, I heard Coleridge's voice; and on looking in, there he was with closed eyes, the button in his fingers, and the right hand gracefully waving just as when I left him. He had never missed me."

HOME FOR SOLDIERS' ORPHANS.—In accordance with the act of Assembly providing for the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the soldiers and sailors of the State, the Superintendent has issued an official notice asking for applications from the several counties. The application must be sworn to and certified by the school directors of the district in which the orphan resides, and upon its receipt an order will be issued to admit the applicant. The schools will be ready for the reception of these pupils during this month. The State will provide clothing, boarding, washing, mending, instruction, books, &c., for the orphans while in the schools provided for them, but the relatives or friends are expected to send them thither without cost to the State, and also to send with them, in as good order as possible, such clothing as they may have, to be worn till others can be provided for them.

APPLES FOR THE ARMY.—A number of citizens of New York, desirous of enhancing the Thank-giving comforts of our soldiers before Petersburg and Richmond, have started a movement to send one thousand barrels of apples to the front. Government has agreed to provide free transportation.

New England and the War.

I trust I may not seem to pass the boundaries of my place on this platform, if in these words of valediction I assume to speak your acknowledgments, as well as those of the people of Massachusetts, for the illustration and interest imparted to this occasion, and for the honor it enjoys in the presence and co-operation, of those who represent our sister States. May the golden chain become brighter and strengthened, which binds these our sister commonwealths in the accord of a confederate unity. May a like influence, freedom and happiness visit the homes and possess the hearts of the whole people of every community, so that every home shall exult, ere long, in the sheltering and victorious power of a government, whose symbol shall be the flag of our fathers; the secret of whose strength shall be found in a central and intelligent Union—or the foundation of impartial liberty, the common inheritance of human nature.

In behalf of such a Union and such a government, a people like those of New England will continue in the future as they have done it, the past, by the method of Peace and in the shock of arms, to struggle against every foe, unconscious of dismay and despising temptation. For the preservation of our nationality they have, like their brethren in other sections, accepted the sad appeal to arms. For the sake of maintaining government, and order and public liberty, the loyal men of the Union have not shunned arbitrament of war. Lovers of peace and haters of discord, we of New England are slow to draw the blade, but we are still slower to yield to the infamy which must blast a common cause, or to that infirmity of purpose which grows tired of a grand and momentous duty because it tasks our manhood or our faith.

To protect the printing press, the plough, the anchor, the loom, the cradle, the fireside and the altar, the rights of labor, the earnings of industry, the security and peace of home, if it must be, we can wield the sword, nor return it hastily to its wonted scabbard. For the brand of war becomes then the sacred emblem of every duty and every hope.—*Gov. Andrew.*

TWO QUALITIES OF MEN.—There is a negativeness of character, which is often mistaken for amiability, or impurviality, or some other kindred virtue. The person possessing it never sides on a question of importance enlisting the interest and action of men, and is equally well pleased which ever party wins in the contest. The future of the church, of the government, of society, of man, are of but little account to him; so that he is left undisturbed in his quiet, plodding, aimless journey through life. He avoids the opposition, strife and bitterness encountered by the positive man, but then he is practically and for all useful purposes, nobody; accomplishes nothing in life, and dies to be forgotten as soon as he is buried.

On the other hand there is a positiveness of character not unfrequently mistaken for hardness and sourness.—The positive man has a purpose in life, and in all questions of great interest firmly plants himself on one side or the other, and will make himself unmistakably felt, whether the decision be for him or against his cherished views. All matters of public interest engage his best powers, and find in him either an earnest advocate, or an active, persistent opponent. Men will call him hard names and some will heartily hate him. But then he is a *force* in the world, and all there is of science, art, and education, government, is attributed to him.—While he lives he is the only useful element in society; and after his death even his enemies will rejoice at his virtues, and vie with his friends in their efforts to perpetuate his memory among men.

Democratic Perversion.

George Sennet, a leading Democrat in Massachusetts, but not of the Copperhead genus, finished a speech at Roxbury, Mass., the other night, as follows:

"Slavery is the only thing that stands between us and Union and peace. Send it home to hell to it of our way. When the youth in the Arabian story trod the cavern of evil in a half of the lost treasure, after bathing the bones and giants, he approached the mighty gate behind which lay the prize. And he looked—and lo! the figure and the venerable face of his mother stood before him, and the well known accents wildly bade him back on the peril of his soul. But the chosen of heaven said to himself: "Verily, it resembleth a woman of the Holy—but what doeth the servant of God on the side of sin?" And he piously struck at the figure in the name of God—and lo! it was a devil, who fled howling, leaving the treasure under the sward. So it is with you. You have trodden the cavern of evil up to the gate of the treasure. You have fought the good fight, and are ready to receive your reward. And now stands before us us the awful figure of the Constitution—but it is only a figure, and under it a devil! Strike it in the name of God! For it is not the Constitution, but Slavery you strike, and Liberty is the prize of the blow.

Maryland a Free State.

Governor Bradford, on the 29th ult., proclaimed the new Free State Constitution of Maryland. The Governor's proclamation concludes as follows:

Now, therefore, I, Augustus W. Bradford, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the the authority so vested in me by said act of Assembly and constitution aforesaid, do by this my proclamation, declare and make known that the said constitution and form of government, so framed and adopted by the convention aforesaid, has been adopted by a majority of the voters of the State, and that in pursuance of the provision therein contained, the same will go into effect as the proper constitution and form of government of this State, superseding the one now existing, on the first day of November.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State of Maryland, at the City of Annapolis, on the 29th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1864.

By the Gov'r: A. W. BRADFORD.
W. B. HALL, Sec'y of State.

☞ A firm in Philadelphia has invented a scientific apparatus for lighting gas by electricity. It is a neat and elegant fixture consisting of a brass cup, lined with silk, a loosely fitting India rubber stopper, and an insulated copper wire coil, with a platinum point, directly over the burner. Within the stopper is placed a small piece of tin foil, to hold or store for use the electricity generated by the friction of the India rubber stopper upon the silk lining of the cup. While the cup is closed there is a complete current maintained, but when the gas is to be lighted the cup is lifted, the electric current is broken, and the electricity passes down the coil of wire to the burner. At the same moment the gas is turned on, and is instantly lighted.

☞ Mr. Trenholm, the rebel Secretary of the Treasury, represents the funded and unfunded debt of the Confederacy on the 1st of July last, $1,250,000,000. The expenses from the 1st of July to the 31st of December are estimated at about $325,000,000, making an aggregate of $1,575,000,000. The annual interest of this debt is over $100,000,000.

☞ Gen. Custer, who has so distinguished himself in the battles won by Gen. Sheridan, and who has been made a Major General, is but twenty-four years old. He's "one of the boys," and his mother must be proud of him, like that other mother of his, his country.

☞ Reverdy Johnson says that Mr. Lincoln "has appointed weak and incompetent men to the commands of his armies." Winter Davis admits this charge to be true, and cites McClellan, Buell and Fitz John Porter as proofs.

☞ A New York Councilman was heard lately getting off the following specimen of what may be called corporation logic:—"All human things are hollow. I'm a human thing; therefore I'm hollow. It is contemptible to be hollow; therefore I'll stuff myself as full as I'm able."

☞ The truly wise, who have acquired much knowledge, doubt often, and are modest in opinion; whilst the very ignorant, who have not knowledge enough to form a look to hang a doubt on, are hasty and presumptuous.

☞ A soldier in one of the late battles, sitting very coolly behind one of his guns, where the shot was falling fast, being asked by the chaplain whether he was supported by Divine Providence, replied: "No, sir; I am supported by the Ninth New Jersey."

☞ Poor acquaintances are apt to develop blindness. There's Muggins never sees his friends. Slender, Short and Seedy; and all because they have become poor. For affecting the sight, it is marvellous what power there is in poor folks.

☞ A lady who had a silk gown spoiled in being repaired brought an action against the establishment, and summoned several of the workmen to give their "dyeing testimony."

☞ Choose things that will please. Nutgalls are not the only things in the world. There are roses and honey suckles. Wasps are not the only things in the world; there is honey as well.

☞ Jones complained of a bad smell about the post office, and asked Brown what it could be. Brown said he didn't know, but suggested that it might be caused by the "dead letters."

☞ The proprietor of a forge, not remarkable for correctness of language, but who by honest industry realized a comfortable independence, being called upon at a social meeting for a toast, gave "Success to forgery."

☞ A philosopher who married a vulgar but amiable girl, used to call her "brown sugar," because he said, she was sweet but unrefined.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

D. W. SCOTT, JR., EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

November 9th, 1864.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS.

It is not possible to continue the publication of THE ARGUS under the old arrangement of sending the paper to subscribers who may not pay within five or ten years. Printing paper costs three or four times as much as it did in 1860, and besides we must have the money to get it even at that price. Printers' expenses are very much greater, which must be equalized by an increase of their wages. To meet these demands, and so continue the publication of THE ARGUS, its subscriptions must be paid invariably in savance. Club rates have also been established by which we expect to furnish THE ARGUS somewhat cheaper to its subscribers, and, their number to be largely increased.

One copy, one year	$ 2 00
Five copies, one year, to one address	9 50
Ten copies, " " "	18 00
Twenty " " "	35 00

☞ Any larger number, $1,75 each.

☞ Additional subscribers from time to time, as they may be obtained, may be added at the club price.

☞ Clergymen and professional teachers $1,00 per year.

☞ No subscriptions received for a less time than six months.

Rates of Advertising:

One square, 1 insertion	$1 00
Each subsequent insertion	50
¼ column, 6 mos	12 00
½ column, 6 mos	20 00
1 column, 6 mos	35 00
Professional and business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines	8 00
Executors, Administrators and Auditor's Notices, each	3 00

Local notices, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Deaths and Marriages will be published gratis where the same does not exceed five lines: for each additional line 5 cents will be charged—excepting in the notices of deceased soldiers, which will be published free.

☞ All transient advertisements must be paid in advance. Address, always postpaid,

D. W. SCOTT, Jr.,
Beaver C. H., Pa.

SALUTATORY

The future editor of this journal has already received a very flattering introduction to you, dear reader, and here he will endeavor, for the first time, to bow with the grace of a true and loyal Knight, not of the Temple, nor of the Golden Circle, but of the Quill.

'Tis said that the chair and pen of an editor should be assumed with as binding vows and solemn ceremony as the sword and war-horse of Knighthood—for the editor, like the armed and mounted Knight, is an aggregation of more power than nature properly allots to the individual. Indeed, it is because law and public opinion have not properly considered this power that the penalties of evil-doing pen and ink are no more formidable than of flat and dagger.

There is a temptation for an editor to abuse the power that lies in his pen. It is so easy to do brilliant tilting in the editorial lists, by slashing away at both the offending and unoffending. Abuse is the easiest, as courtesy is the most difficult kind of writing to make readable; and, as it is a relief for the smooth faced gambler to vent before he sleeps his pent up malice on his wife; so a heart naturally ill-willed makes a bile-spiggot of a pen—relieved when the venom is spit, no matter upon what. But there is so seldom good cause to be ill-natured in print that it would be safe, always, when reading ill-natured remarks to to smell "the rat" of a bad heart near by.

It *perversion* of pen and ink be so very blamable, *forbearance* should be laudable, and the editor should receive credit when he takes pains in the latter way. Many reputations, prepared for roasting are sent to him, which, if inserted, would increase the interest taken in this paper, and, consequently, its sale. This is a temptation to get money and fame. Then the editor is often attacked, and he *could* demolish his assailant very amusingly, and he resists the temptation—though, if the pin be not winced at punny impunity will prick again. There is much that is indicrous occurring every day, much that is pervertible into sport, both in persons and in their actions; and by faultfinding; by abusing the man, and not his party or principle, an article is made more readable, with less labor of writing. Thus malice is increased, personal contentment and social happiness far removed. No man can live elbow to elbow with his competitors in love and life, in politics and literature, without his piques and resentments, and to turn these pleasantly "to commodity" with a laugh that outstabs a dagger is very, *very* tempting. But if he forbears somewhat to write personal abuse and political invective, should he receive less of your patronage and praise?

We are as a nation necessarily going through our "trial fires." Our golden institutions of civil and religious liberty were full of dross and needed that purification, after which they shall be as "much fine gold." In these terrible times of both purifying and conflicting ordeal, it must be difficult to see the way clearly for the final peace and ultimate safety of our country. The smoke and din of much undecisive battle confuses us and we cannot well say, "To morrow the rebels are sure to throw down their arms, and peace will come."—But, in the election of honest Abraham Lincoln, in the continued success of the unrivaled commanders of our army and navy, in the propitious smile of the God above us, he must believe that soon our land shall flow with the milk of peace and the honey of prosperity These men are of the Union and Republican party, whose principles he will advocate and in whose success he will triumph.

The modern school of politics is said to be much inferior to that which existed in the time of our national birth. They sought to build up, not to tear down; to establish, not to destroy. A mighty nation is coexten sive with their glory. But the unruly ones of the present school are getting scourged as with a whip of scorpions, and their sympathizers shamefully sit upon the fool's block. Still, it will be his duty to work none the less for the advancement of those politicians who advocate and represent as true principles, and adopt as sound measures as those noble statesmen who established American government.

Perfection, he can not hope to reach at a single bound; excellence he would attain by and by, when more experience shall have become the basis of future effort. It shall be sufficient for him and you, young friend, to be satisfied with the display of much superior ability when the wrinkles of age shall have played upon our faces, never to leave them, and the silver crown of a long life shall dignify our heads.

D. W. SCOTT, JR.

Democratic Convention.

The *miscellaneous* Democratic party held a Convention here last Tuesday week. It was a "rank compound of villainous smell" to the nostrils of the clean-living and order-loving citizens of this locality. It was composed of horses, wagons, and buggies; flags, banners, and yellow leaves (to represent the color of the thing); men, women and children; commanding marshals, cursing drunkards, and squalling babies. The meeting was comparatively large; but when one reads a statement like this—"*The largest meeting, by far, of any kind, that ever assembled in this county, was held on Tuesday in the Fair Grounds,*" he is ready to exclaim in a soberer mind than Sir John Falstaff, "Lord, Lord, how this world is given to lying."

The Financial Crisis Abroad.

The Germania's advices gives details of numerous additional failures in Europe. The panic appears to have partially extended to the principal centres of Europe, and has resulted in considerable commercial embarrassments in Paris and Frankfort. The resolution adopted by the directors of the Bank of France to raise the rate of discount from seven to eight per cent has produced an unfavorable impression in Parisian commercial circles. It presses particularly on traders with a small capital, who are forced to sell for credit.

In England, merchants engaged in the Australian trade were showing symptoms of weakness, and four failures in this branch of trade were reported. The British cotton market continued depressed, and failures were occurring among the manufacturers of Lancashire. Manchester correspondence of the London *Times*, dated the 18th October, says:

We have to report the gloomiest market to-day that has yet occurred since the present crisis commenced. We hear of six or seven more manufacturers having stopped payment today, and the feeling of gloom seems to be increasing as the knowledge of these failures come to the public ear.

The *Herald's* London letter says:—The indications are strong that a financial panic is impending over the entire continent. The governments of Turkey and Spain are represented as nearly being bankrupt, Turkey particularly. The money revolution, it is thought, would lead to many important political changes, terminating in general war, which would annihilate smaller State royalties. It is said the present visit of the Czar of Russia to France, and the interview with Napoleon, is undertaken with special reference to such important events.

THE SONS OF LIBERTY.—Gen Hovey, has issued the following order to the Sons of Liberty in Indiana:

'Headquarters District of Indiana, Indianapolis, Oct. 21, 1864.—To the Sons of Liberty: I am informed that the Sons of Liberty in this State are threatening to assassinate witnesses who have testified, and are about to testify, in the cases brought before the Military Commission convened by me. The names of the principal members throughout the State are known to me, and I assure them that I will bring to speedy and condign punishment every prominent member in every vicinity where a witness may be injured by them or the Order.

ALVIN P. HOVEY,
Brevet Maj.-Gen commanding.

A fleet of twenty-four whalers is now in the Port of San Francisco from the Arctic Ocean.

SHOUT!

FOR THE AMERICAN REPUBLIC IS SAFE!

SHOUT!

FOR DISUNION, ANARCHY AND TREASON ARE OVERTHROWN!

SHOUT!

FOR 'TIS THE DEATH-KNELL OF SLAVERY, AND THE REVIVAL OF AMERICAN LIBERTY!

SHOUT!

FOR 'TIS THE DEATH AND DAMNATION OF THE VILLAINOUS DEMOCRATIC PARTY!

SHOUT!

FOR ABRAHAM LINCOLN IS ELECTED, AND AGAIN THE STAR OF OUR NATIONAL GLORY TAKES THE ASCENDANT!

☞ Read the hasty returns from nearly all the states which we collect from this morning's *Commercial*.

FOR LINCOLN.
PENNSYLVANIA,
OHIO,
ILLINOIS,
INDIANA,
NEW YORK,
RHODE ISLAND,
VERMONT,
NEW HAMPSHIRE,
MARYLAND,
MASSACHUSETTS,
WISCONSIN,
MISSOURI,
MINNESOTA,
IOWA,
MICHIGAN,
TENNESSEE,
DELAWARE,
NEW JERSEY,
CONNECTICUT,
WEST VIRGINIA,

FOR McCLELLAN.
KENTUCKY.

Mr Lincoln has a majority of 65 votes in 233, the electoral vote of all the States.

BEAVER CO.

Keeps step to the music of Union.—The faces of her undoubted loyal citizens beam with joy, for they have won a victory—not of war, but of peace, not by bullets, but by ballots.

The following are the fullest returns we can obtain on going to press.—Harmony, Marion, North Sewickly and Pulaski have not sent in their returns. The sum of the Union majorities in the townships is 1,117 and of the Democratic majorities 225, leaving a difference of 882 Union Majority.

DISTRICTS	LINCOLN.	M'CLELLAN.
Big Beaver	120	81
Bridgewater	58	55
Borough tp	190	73
Brighton	84	69
Chippewa	88	42
Darlington	178	98
Economy	83	141
Fallston	61	3)
Franklin	54	63
Greene	220	88
Freedom bor	66	45
Hanover tp—Frankfort dist	112	59
do —M'Guire's dist	90	76
Harmony	...	...
Hopewell	111	69
Independence	69	90
Industry	70	77
Marion	...	...
Moon	105	67
New Brighton	326	123
New Sewickly tp—Feezil's dist.	96	154
do —Freedom dist.	15	45
North Sewickly	...	...
Ohio	145	47
Patterson	29	18
Phillipsburg	11	54
Pulaski	...	...
Raccoon	129	70
Rochester boro	164	81
Rochester tp	81	87
South Beaver	135	52

BREECH-LOADERS AT LAST.—A portion of our armies are to be supplied with breech loading rifles at once, or at least as soon as the weapons can be manufactured. The Burnside Rifle Company of Providence, Rhode Island, have contracted to furnish 35,000 breech-loaders of the Spencer pattern, and are now making extensive alterations in their works for the purpose of delivering them as soon as possible.

The English Government has taken a contrary course. Recognizing the efficiency of the breech-loading principal it has issued orders, through Lord De Grey, for proposals to alter the Enfield rifle into a breech-loading weapon, at an expense not to exceed $5 per gun. The Enfield rifle is the Springfield musket we use, and the result will probable be to spoil both weapons—to ruin a good rifle and make a poor breech-loader. Our Government has taken the wisest course and are on the safe side, for the record of the Spencer rifle is already made, and, not to perpetrate a witticism, will now be repeated.—*Scientific American, Oct.* 29.

☞ The venerable Benjamin Greenleaf, of Bradford, well known as the author of a series of mathematical works, which have been very extensively used, died on Friday last at his residence in that town, at the age of seventy-eight years. Mr. Greenleaf was graduated from Dartmouth College in 1811, and from 1820 to 1850 he be was Principal of Bradford Academy.

☞ Sixty-three thousand three hundred and twenty-three hogsheads of leaf tobacco were sold in Louisville in the twelve months ending November 1, 1864.

MILITARY.

NEW YORK, November 2.

Letters from Beaufort, N C., of the 28th, state that the recent warm weather has developed eight new cases of yellow fever in Beaufort on that day.

Dr. J. W. Ross, a clergyman in North Carolina, arrived here to-day direct from Raleigh. He says the entire State of North Carolina as well as Georgia is alive with rebel deserters, who, in most cases, are armed and organized, and abundantly able to protect themselves. In the Western part of the state they reign supreme. They not only make repeated raids on the wealthy planters and rebel depots for supplies, but give protection to runaway slaves, who are also armed and accompany these bands of deserters in their raiding expeditions. The rebel authorities, says Dr. Ross, have given up all hope of forcing these men back into the ranks, having been repulsed in all their efforts to this end. Every expedition filled out for this purpose by the rebels has proved a failure Those who were not killed deserted to the insurgents, whose numbers are continually increasing. Jeff. Davis said, when in Raleigh, that the deserters of the Confederate army outnumbered the Confederate soldiers in the field

The extensive conspiracy recently brought to light at Raleigh, implicates many prominent officers of the Confederation party, who now openly threaten to head these deserters and their friends, and take possession of the State Government of North Carolina, and all the railroads, in the event Governor Vance fails to institute at once separate State action for peace with President Lincoln.

The Dr. says it is now apparent to the rebel authorities that Gen. Grant has been affording facilities to Gen. Lee to increase his reinforcements when Grant by a sudden spring of his trap will close up the last gap and oblige Lee to capitulate. This, Gov. Vance says, is Grant's plan, which has given Jeff. Davis much concern, who is in favor of evacuating Virginia altogether, having repeatedly implored Lee to do so and not incur the risk of capitulation of his army. This was told to Dr. Ross just before leaving by an aid on Gov. Vance's staff.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.

The Richmond *Sentinel* says of the recent movement: The Yankees have gained the advantage for position on the Plank road, which if they hold, will enable them to extend their foraging limits, and ruin a few more Southern homesteads. They may also be in better position for raiding on the Southside railroads, but otherwise we cannot consider they have gained any vital advantage The Yankees will have more hard fighting to do if they persist in attempting to hold the Plank road.

The Richmond *Dispatch* of the 3d says: Great interest is felt in Butler's canal on the isthmus, known as Dutch Gap, which connects Farris Island with the main land or north bank of the river; is exactly two hundred yards across, eighty feet high on the western side, and sloping down to the river on the east. The channel of the river runs against the west side, striking it obliquely. The channel being on this side will greatly aid Butler. Had it been on the opposite side of the river he would have been obliged to construct a breakwater to turn the stream into the canal. We learn he is cutting diagonally through the Isthmus, beginning one hundred yards below the narrowed point and designing to come out at a point where the channel strikes the bank. We have no reason to believe the canal proper has been cut to the water's edge, having not yet been more than two thirds completed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.

It is reported that Major General Butler, who left yesterday for New York, has gone there to assume temporarily command of the Eastern Department, in place of General Dix, who will, however, be returned to the Department to act in conjunction with General Butler.

WINCHESTER, Oct. 20, 1864.

The wounded in the field hospital bearing the name of General Sheridan, as well as the various hospitals established in the churches, to-day experienced an unexpected pleasure from the visit of their gallant chief. He first visited the field hospital east of the town, and was conducted through the different wards by Dr. Hayden, the Surgeon in Charge. The poor wounded men, with tearful eyes at the sight of their chief, rose up in bed as he entered and passed through each ward, hat in hand, stopping here and there to listen to the narrative of one and another brave, who had left a leg or an arm on the field as a perpetual offering on the altar of their country. He spoke kind and encouraging words, and seemed to inspire new life and hope into the patients as he passed along. The scene was truly affecting and afforded at once evidence of the admiration felt for their commander by the wounded soldiers, and the soldierly consideration which a brave general feels for the men who fight and fall by his side in the cause of their country.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.

The bark Albion Lincoln put into this port this morning with the Captains and crews of the ship Shooting Star, from New York for Panama, and barks Mark L. Potter, from Bangor for Monticello, and Emma L. Hall, from Cardenas for New York; all of which vessels were captured by the pirate Chicamauga. The Mark L Potter, was burned October 30th, and the ship Shooting star and Emma Hall on the 31st ult. The bark Albion Lincoln was captured by the pirate Chickamauga, bonded for $18,000 and sixty persons, including the Captains of the barks Emma Hall, Mark L. Potter, and ship Shooting Star were put on board her and sent to this port.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 4.

Tuesday night Sue Munday's gang of cutthroats, surrounded the house of Mr. Harper, two miles south of Midway, and while the old gentleman a prisoner, and without the slightest provocation murdered their victim in the most cowardly and brutal manner. Mr. Harper was a Union man. This was the only excuse the outlaws had for the prepetration of the inhuman outrage. It does seem that Sue Munday is lost to every womanly instinct her heart, wholly corrupted and her nature fiendish, for she rejoices in acts of cold blood and every species of crime.

ST. LOUIS, November 3.

The *Democrat's* Cairo special says: Information from Paducah states that, on Thursday last, Forrest, with a large force, placed batteries on the Tennessee River, within a mile and a half of Johnsonville, where three gunboats and eight transports were lying. Early Friday morning Forrest moved the batteries up and opened on the transports, which were fired by shells, and the gunboats fell into the hands of the enemy after being disabled. The crews and officers of the fleet were all taken prisoners. A large amount of Government stores and considerable artillery are reported captured. It is also supposed the supplies at Johnsonville were taken. All quiet along White River, Ark. St. Charles is reoccupied and garrisoned with colored troops.

WASHINGTON Nov. 4

A letter received from the Shenandoah Valley, says that there are indications that the rebel forces are being reorganized with a view to resume the campaign. Early at last accounts was still in command, through Richmond papers continue to clamor for his removal, or the appointment of Longstreet.

The case of Col. North, the New York State agent, was continued today. The question of jurisdiction of military court was argued and decided not to be well taken. The evidence will all be in to-morrow. It does not appear to be near so serious as that in the cases of the Baltimore agents.

The navy of this country is becoming a very powerful arm of the national defence. There are in active service 558 steamers, with an aggregate tonnage of 408,000 tons, against the original 26 steamers and 49,700 tons, with which the war commenced. Of this number 200 steamers, with an aggregate of 244,000 tons, have been built by the Department. The additions which are now being made to our navy, are of vessels of the first class, which will largely increase its efficiency.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.

A private dispatch from Springfield, Mo., says: Our troops whipped Price again at Newtonia, Newton County, Mo., date not given. We now hold the town. The Rebels are retreating into Arkansas.

The Lynchburg *Virginian* says the impressment of 2,500 negroes for the army has been ordered in Virginia.

The New State of Nevada.

The Territory of Nevada, which has just been admitted to the Union as a State by President Lincoln, was organized in March, 1861. For this purpose about ten thousand square miles were appropriated from the northern extremity of California, and about seventy thousand from Western Utah. At the time of its organization the Territory possessed a population of very nearly seven thousand white settlers. The development of her mineral resources was rapid and almost without parallel, and attracted a constant stream of immigration to the Territory As the population has not been subject to the fluctuations from which other Territories have suffered, the growth of Nevada has been rapid and steady. At the general convention election of 1863, nearly eleven thousand votes were cast. During the present year great accessions to the population have been made.

Nevada is probably the richest State in the Union in respect to mineral resources. No region in the world is richer in argentiferous leads. These leads are found scattered over the entire Washoe county, the richest of which is that known as the Comstock lead, of Virginia city. The localities of the other principal mines the region east of the Sierra Nevada are the Emerald mines, one hundred miles south southeast of Virginia; the Humboldt, one hundred and sixty miles northeast; the Silver mountain sixty miles south; Peavine, thirty miles north, and the Reese river country one hundred and seventy miles east northeast, embracing many districts and flanked by two of more than ordinary promise—the Cortez, seventy miles north, and the San Antonio, one hundred miles south of Austin, now the principal town on the Reese river.

A few months ago another deposit of mineral wealth was brought to light, which has proved of incalculable value to the silver miners. This was an immense basin of salt, five miles square, near the sink of the Carson river. This basin, says a gentleman who writes from Virginia City, appears once to have been the bottom of a lake, and the salt is found good even on the surface. A covering of about three inches is loose and indifferent, but beneath this, for a depth of fourteen feet, pure rock salt is found as clear as ice, and white "as the river snow." Beneath there is water which seems to be filtered through salt for an unknown depth. The whole of the fourteen feet in thickness does not contain a single streak of any deleterious matter or rubbish, and is ready for quarrying and sending to market. The locality is one hundred miles west of Reese river, and seventy miles east of Virginia City, on the overland road.

In January of this year there were one hundred and twenty five quarts mills in operation in Nevada, which were erected at a cost ranging, from $10,000 to $100,000. About three fourths of the quarts mills of Nevada are driven by steam, and the balance by water power. Of the entire number, four-fifths are in the vicinity of Virginia. There is an average of one hundred miles in constant operation There will carry on an average, ten stamps each, making one thousand, with capacity for crushing one thousand tons per day. This ore will yield at the rate of $50 per ton, giving a daily production of $50,000, or $15,000,000 per annum.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 4.

Horace Heffern, Deputy Grand Commander of the Order of the Sons of Liberty, in Indiana, who for some weeks has been on trial here for his participation in a treasonable conspiracy, to day turned State's evidence, and made a startling revelation of schemes of the Order. He said nobody but Democrats had ever been admitted, nor would be if he applied He confirmed the previous evidence of a military organization in the Order, and of the appointment of Major General to command it. Dr. Bowles, one of the accused, was Commander-in-Chief, with a staff of which Dr. James R. Wilson, recently arrested, was Adjutant Gen. He said that a committee to was prepare for an insurrection, and that the insurrection, was intended to release rebel prisoners in the Northwest, arm them from government arsenals, overturn the State government, kill Gov. Morton, or hold him as a hostage for captured insurrectionists, and then form the Northwest into a separate Confederacy. He said that it was told by Adjutant General Wilson of Bowles staff that $500,000 had been sent by Rebel agents in Canada into the Northwest to purchase arms for the order, and that $200,000 had been left in Indiana in the hands of Dodd and John C. Walker, store agent. Wilson showed Heffern $1,000 he had received from Bowles, to buy arms in Washington county.

Heffern said furthermore, than a Committee of Thirteen had appointed ten men to kill Gov. Morton; and a few days since the Governor received a letter signed "one of the men," declaring that the writer And his associates were sworn to kill him and would do it.

Heffern's revelation astounded the Court though prepared by previous evidence for part of it. If Governor Morton was killed, Dr. Athon, Secretary of State, and a member of the order was to take his place as provided by law in case of the death or disability of the Governor and Lt Governor.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., Nov 1st, 1864:

Evans D E, Frank Charles, Grim Miss M A, Grant Wm R, Jones Rachel, Kerr Mrs M A 2, M'Donald R J, Sweete, Miss Sarah S, Tibbs Susan, Willis Miss Mary.

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

☞ Office hours, during the winter, from 7 a. m. to 8½ p. m.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., Nov. 1st, 1864.

Albert Robt, Brown Miss S 2, Beck Thos, Burtin Ruth, Beavers Wm, Barnes Samuel Chain Mattie, Credner Edwin, Conker Wm, Craig Morgan, Edwards Margaret 2, Fritz J H, Jefferson J, Lawrence Sadie, M'Kinney C, Marshall John, Norris Mrs Sarah, Smith G P Smith Eliza, Sterling James, Thompson Emma, Thomas L S 2, Thorn Nettie, Teasly Minerva.

☞ Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J ANDERSON, P. M.

Office Hours, from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Choice Property for Sale in Bridgewater, Pa.

A LARGE two-story Frame Dwelling House, nearly new, with six rooms, besides Kitchen, Cellar, &c.—well stocked with fruit trees, grapes and shrubbery; well situated for schools, churches, &c. The sight is elevated, and view unsurpassed. For further particulars enquire at the BRIDGEWATER DRUG STORE. [nov9

Dividend No. 13.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Nov. 1, 1864.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. upon its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on demand—free of government tax.

EDWARD HOOPS,
nov9,'64 Cashier

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE AND LOT in the borough of Fallston, are offered for sale at a greatly reduced price and on reasonable terms as to time of payment. The lot is 30 feet front by 118 feet in depth; upon it are erected a two story frame dwelling house and a small stable. The dwelling house contains six rooms, and is neatly and substantially built. Upon the premises are grape vines, shrubbery, &c. To any one wishing, at a low figure, to purchase a comfortable residence, conveniently arranged and pleasantly located, such opportunities as the above rarely present themselves. For particulars inquire of

ANDREW WRAY,
nov9 Beaver, Pa.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, Nov. 2d, 1864.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted, active		$95,606 42
U. S. 6 per cent. coupon bonds		121,000 00
Furniture and office fixtures		1,958 95
Due from other banks		4,364 66
Notes and checks of other banks		7,888 28
U. S. Treasury notes		61,205 00
Coin in vault		3,512 31
		$295,075 62

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$181,225 00	
Notes in circulation	650 00	
Due depositors	153,422 13	
Due the Commonwealth	1,088 35	
Contingent funds	8,025 92	
Dividends unpaid	5,726 22	
	$295,075 62	

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 2d day of Nov. A. D. 1864.

T. M. M'CORD, Notary Public.

BUSS BROTHER, & Co's. Extra Chemical Writing Fluid, the best in the world, at the Bridgewater Drug Store. Try it and be convinced. Manufactured by the American Ink Company.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

All persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for the county of Beaver, on Wednesday the 16th day of November, 1864, for confirmation and allowance.

The account of Jonathan Taylor, acting ecentor of the last will and testament of Joseph Taylor, dec'd.

The account of James M. Ewing, administrator of the estate of Henry, Ewing, dec'd.

The final account of Jos. Johnston and Jos. Martin, executors of the last will and testament of Margaret Johnston, dec'd.

The final account of Henry Kirkpatrick, administrator of the estate of George M'Kean, dec'd.

The final account (personal) of Sam'l Reed, administrator of the estate of Rev. David Robinson, dec'd.

The account of Robert L. and Wm. C Carothers, administrators of the estate of Wm. L. Carothers, dec'd.

The account of Thos. Nicholson and Robt. Stephens, executors of the last will and testament of David Stephens, dec'd.

The final account of John Wilson, administrator of the estate of John Gunsaules, dec'd.

The account (personal) of Agnew Huff, administrator of the estate of Jas. Sharp, dec'd.

The final account of Charles Brown, administrator of the estate of Jeremiah Hanable, dec'd.

The final account of John M'Henry, administrator of the estate of John M'Henry, sr, dec'd.

The final account of Robt. Fleming, adm'r. of the estate of Ruth Scott, dec'd.

The account of D. A. Cunningham, Guardian of Mary C. and Hannah M. McFadden, minor heirs of James M'Fadden, dec'd

The account of Addison Darragh, Guardian of Benj. Cooper, minor son of Isaac Cooper, dec'd.

The accounts of Jane Gilliland, Guardian of Josephine A. and Emeline Gilliland, minor daughters of David Gilliland, dec'd.

The accounts of Dr. Wm. Smith, Guardian of James and Robert Stewart, minor sons of Samuel Stewart, dec'd.

The accounts of Jas. Mackall, Guardian of Margaret, Eliza, Sarah, Matilda and John Carnagy, minor children of William Carnagy, dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
Beaver, Oct, 19th, '64. Register.

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

The following appraisements under the Act of Assembly, of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, of Beaver county, to wit:

Personal property to amount of $172,65 retained by widow of John Wilson, dec'd.—Geo. M. Young, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $205,25 retained by widow of John Imbrie, dec'd.—D. L & R. S. Imbrie, adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $304,0 retained by widow of Robert Stinson, dec'd.—James K. Thompson, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $84,15, retained by widow of Robert Moore, dec'd.—John Sienz, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $53,76, and proceeds of note against Duncan & Edgar, ($246,24) making $300, retained by widow of Henry Finley, dec'd. Jos. A. Wray, adm'r.

Notice is hereby given to creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and all others interested, to appear at the next term of said Court, and not later than the third day, being the 16th of November next, to show cause, if any they have, against the final confirmation of the above appraisements.

oct19 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk

Notice.

IN the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of Wm. Price, deceased. And now, to-wit, Oct. 13th 1864, the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased to-wit: Wm. Price and John Price; whose, interests are now vested in Conrad Eiholtz. Daniel Price, Jane Price, and Mary Price, now residing in the State of Michigan; Margaret Price now residing in the State of New York; Merrina Price, Wm. Price, and Elisha Price, children of Wm. Price, whose interests are vested in Conrad Eiholtz. Emeline Price intermarried with Elisha J. Moore, and five children of said Elisha J. and Emeline, to-wit: Elisha Francis M., William W., Jane and Margaret whose guardian is Edward E. Holmes, and all others interested to shew cause if any they have why an inquest to make partition of the real estate of said deceased should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for said County, on the 1st Monday of November next.

JOS. LEDLIE,
Oct. 19, 1863. Sheriff.

NOTICE.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT, IN AND FOR the county of Beaver, State of Pennsylvania. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Mary Ewing, dec'd. Now, to wit, Sept. 15th, 1864, the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd., to wit: Alexander Ewing, husband of said Mary Ewing, Sarah Jane, intermarried with Wm. Thomas, Eliza Ewing, Thomas Ewing, and all others interested: you and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of our said Court at Beaver, on the second Monday of November next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said dec'd, at the appraisement put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by said Court and returned by the Sheriff to Sept. T. 1864, and found to contain 54 acres and 128 Perches, valued at $3 per acre, and in the event of of non-acceptance to shew cause why the same shall not be sold.

JOS. LEDLIE,
October 12, 1864. Sheriff.

Notice.

IN the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania.—In the matter of the partition of the real estate of James Duncan, dec'd. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: To the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd, to wit: Margaret, intermarried with James Jackson, Joseph Duncan, Mary Duncan, Rebecca Duncan, Malvina Duncan, Margaret J. Jackson, a minor, whose guardian is Thomas Jackson, Mary Ann Jackson, a minor, whose guardian is James Duncan, and all others interested: you and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of our said Court at Beaver, on the second Monday of November next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said dec'd, at the appraisement put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by said Court and returned by the Sheriff to June T. 1864, and found to contain 116 acres, 33 perches, valued at $30 per acre, and in the event of non-acceptance to shew cause why the same shall not be sold.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, Oct. 12.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

IN the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, State of Pennsylvania. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Gideon Michaels, dec'd. To the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd., to wit: William Boswell, and Julia his wife; Peter Wagner and Amelia his wife; Lewis Michaels; Lewis Reddy, and all others interested:—You and each of you are hereby notified that by inquisition to make partition of the real estate of said deceased, situate in North Sewickly tp., will be held on the premises on the 31st day of October, 1864, at which time and place you may attend, if you think proper.

JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, oct. 5'64.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

NOVEMBER 2d, 1864.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice.

Those of our patrons who are indebted for subscription, advertising &c., are requested to make immediate payment. Subscriptions will be payable to the undersigned until January 1st 1865. Mr. Scott is authorized to receipt in my name.

D. L. IMBRIE.

☞ Mrs Snitzger, of this place, was badly burned Thursday last, on the face, by the explosion of a tin lamp containing crude oil which she had thoughtlessly placed upon a heated stove.

☞ The Editor thankfully acknowledges the gift of a monster potato, weighing three and half pounds. It was grown by Alex. Anderson of Darlington tp, and handed to us by our gentlemanly clerk of courts Mr. Frasier.

☞ James Davis, of Fallston, while engaged in digging gravel for the railroad near Economy, Beaver county, was killed by the falling of the bank under which he was digging, upon him.

☞ *Found*—Tuesday evening, a little stocking, measuring three by five inches. It no doubt dropped from the foot of one of the many infants who were at the Democratic Convention that day, as little M'Clellan is not known to have been in town.

☞ *The Oil Company*, composed of *Phil. Langfitt*, S. H. Witherspoon, Dr. R. A. Moon and others, have after much labor and perseverance, succeeded in getting oil at a distance of near eight hundred feet, in the neighborhood of Hookstown.

☞ Col. John S. Littell, of this county, commanding 76th P. V. has been recommended by Gen. Butler for promotion for good conduct and bravery in the field.

☞ A man, Mr. Vankirk, while under a fit, ran in the way of a gravel train above Freedom, on Monday, and was so hurt, that he immediately expired

☞ The young pastor of Frankfort congregation, O. S. P., D. H. Lafferty, has handed in his resignation of that pastoral charge to Presbytery. It was on account that the congregation were preparing a petition to Presbytery, praying that he be removed for refusing to pray and preach loyally.

CHANGE OF TIME.—The New Brighton Accommodation Train, leaves Rochester for Allegheny as follows: 5:32 a. m., 6:42 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 3:05 p. m. Returning, leave Allegheny as follows: 9:15 a. m., 12:00 m., 4:40 p. m., 5:40 p. m.

Steubenville Accommodation, C. & P. R.R., leaves Beaver Station for Allegheny at 8:35 a. m Leaves Allegheny at 3:50 p. m.

☞ As a party was passing through Vanport in their wagons on their return home from the late Democratic Convention, one of the men jumped out, picked up stones and hurled them at a boy, son of Mr. W. H. M'Kenzie, who was hurraing for Lincoln, striking the little fellow in the face, smashing his nose and fracturing his jaw. The man, Campbell, was arrested, but loosed under five hundred dollars bail.

☞ The following teachers have been employed in Raccoon tp.: Lizzie M'Laughlin, Rachel Crowl, Cynthia J. Swaney, Amanda M'Laughlin, Lizzie M'Cune.

The School Directors of Independence tp. have organized by electing M. Anderson President; and William C. Shannon Secretary. They have employed the following teachers for five months, at $25 per month: Clement Elder, Joseph Bell. In consequence of the new school houses not being ready for occupation, other teachers have not been employed.

The following teachers have been employed in Hopewell tp. for five and six months, at $25 and $30 per month: Joseph Wallace, Cyrus M'Kee, Julia Shields, Joseph Dunlap,. Dr. William J. Langfitt President, W. A. Thompson Secretary of Board.

THE ANDERSON CAVALRY.—The following order by Gen. Gilman upon the regiment being ordered to report at Knoxville, will be gratifying to the friends of the organization and show that it has fully recovered its good name:—"The general commanding takes pleasure in testifying to the uniform good conduct and gallantry of this regiment, and takes his opportunity of thanking their commanding officers for their promptness in carrying out all his directions and orders especially for the manner in which they drove a force of rebels, double their own from Jamesboro, across the Watauga river, a distance of nine miles, September 29, 1864, and for their action at Roverville, October 7, when in face of a rebel force much larger than their own they crossed the Holstien River capturing two rebel Lieutenants and eight enlisted men, with no loss."

COME LET US REJOICE TOGETHER!

Illumination and Procession.

Loyal men of Beaver county, the campaign is ended. The battle fought and the victory ours! After the greatest contest ever known in the country, we can congratulate you upon the glorious result. We have increased our majority largely, notwithstanding the boasts of the opposition. The loyal men of Beaver county have done their duty nobly, meeting the issue as becomes freemen, Pennsylvania has gone for the Union by a large majority, and Abraham Lincoln is re-elected President, having carried almost every loyal State. The great battle of the war has been fought and won. In view of our great and overwhelming victory, we call upon the loyal citizens of Beaver and the surrounding boroughs, to illuminate their houses on Friday evening, Nov. 11th.

A procession, headed with a band of music, will parade the streets and a salute of thirty-five roonds will be fired. Gen. W. B. Clarke and Capt. George W. Hamilton will have charge of the procession and salutes. Come and rejoice with us.

J. S. RUTAN,
Ch'n. Co. Com.

☞ One of our government officials just returned from Peru, tells us that among the first and most frequent inquiries made of him there about our public men was, whether he knew or had ever seen the celebrated American Chemist, Dr. J. C. Ayer of Lowell. His remedies are found in every village from the elevated slopes of the Andes down to the coast, and their remarkable cures seem to attract even more attention there than in this country. The sentiment of wonder at their effects, takes a far deeper hold on a half civilized and superstitious people than it does with us where the rationale of medical problems is so much more generally understood. No other American has made himself so familiarly known to the masses of the people in foreign countries or excited in them so lively an interest in himself as the Doctor has by his skilful application of chemical science to the treatment of disease.—*National Era, Washington D. C.*

FIELD HOSPITAL 1st DIV. 9TH A. C.
Near "Akin House," Va., Oct. 26.
CIRCULAR.

The "Surgeon in charge" takes this method of expressing his gratitude to Surgeon W. C. Shurlock, 51st Regt. Pa. Vet. Vols. who being just about to take leave of his old associates of the past six months, for a brief visit to his family and friends—1st, for his energetic and prompt manner in performing the many and trying duties of his position; 2d, for the patient and earnest zeal with which he labored to administer to the comforts and wishes of the wounded upon the field of battle throughout the whole campaign, from the crossing of the Rapidan up to the present time; 3d, for volunteering to remain during the pending great and final movement of the war, after having obtained a brief and richly earned leave of absence, and only taking advantage of his privilege on learning that the order has been countermanded.

He wishes him a safe and speedy return to his companions of the Operating Staff of the 1st Div. 9th A. C., a warm welcome from his family, and a hearty and heartfelt greeting from every loyal Pennsylvanian of the "Old Keystone State."

WELLS B. FOX,
Surg. 8th Mich. V. V. in charge Hospl.
Surg. W. C Shurlock, 51st Pa. Vols.

☞ Ferry, who was convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for life, and who, on his trial, made a partial confession, is now disposed to be more communicative. He says that he had been for some time sick of the whole business, and was only waiting to receive replies to letters addressed by him to Peter Cagger and other prominent Democratic politicians in New York, which would prove their complicity beyond all peradventure, when he intended to voluntarily make a complete expose of the whole thing, and that if the arrest of himself and his confederates had been postponed another week, he would have been able to fix the guilt of the transaction from its incipiency where it properly belonged.

☞ A wife in San Francisco lately put in a petition for a divorce in the court on the ground that her husband was a "confounded fool." The court wouldn't admit the plea because almost every married man was liable to the same imputation. Did you ever!

☞ Intelligence from Illinois says that "all the different crops have been enormous, and in consequence, business of all kinds is exceedingly brisk. Corn sells from the field at fifty cents per bushel."

☞ There is at St. Etienne, in France, a young lady, eighteen years of age, affected with a rare, though not unparalleled infirmity. She is unable to see while the sun is above the horizon, but sees perfectly well at night and in complete darkness.

☞ Every man who is put into the United States service in Concord, N. H. has his photograph accurately taken. On the back of it his descriptive list is placed and it is then filed away for future reference.

☞ The Pittsburgh Sanitary Commission has received the following from the Soldiers' Aid Society of New Brighton:

5 pkgs dried fruit, 1 do dried currants, 1 do dried cherries, 2 cans apples, 3 cans tomatoes, 2 pkgs papers, 10 pairs drawers, 7 shirts, 7 pr socks, 1 pr slippers, 17 bdkf, 4 towels, 6 handkerchiefs, 1 pr mittens, 1 pr wristlets, 1 pr suspenders, 1 pr gloves, 1 pr bandages, 1 comfort, 1 pillow, 1 pillow case, 1 sheet, 1 bundle rags, 1 bundle lint, 1 bundle bandages, 1 bundle cloth, 1 bundle old linen, 1 bundle old cotton, 1 bundle old flannel, 1 bundle old muslin, 1 bundle old clothing, 1 bundle old sheeting, 1 bundle old shirting, 1 bundle old drawers, 1 bundle old socks, 1 bundle old shirts, 1 bundle old handkerchiefs, 1 bundle old towels, 1 bundle old pillow cases, 1 bundle old sheets, 1 bundle old comforts, 1 bundle old quilts, 1 bundle old blankets, 1 bundle old coverlets, 1 bundle old table cloths, 1 bundle old napkins, 1 bundle old aprons, 1 bundle old dresses, 1 bundle old skirts, 1 bundle old petticoats, 1 bundle old stockings, 1 bundle old gloves, 1 bundle old mittens, 1 bundle old wristlets, 1 bundle old suspenders, 1 bundle old gloves, 1 bundle old bandages, 1 bundle old

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a written test of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
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HON. CHAS. S. RODIER,
Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
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Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.

HON. ADAM WILSON,
Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.

HON. R. M. BISHOP,
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HON. J. BLAISDELL,
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Mayor of NEWPORT, R. I.

HON. FRED STAHL,
Mayor of GALENA, ILL.

HON. JOHN HODGDEN,
Mayor of DUBUQUE, IOWA.

HON. THOMAS CRUTCHFIELD,
Mayor of CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HON. ROBERT BLAIR,
Mayor of TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

HON. R. D. BAUGH,
Mayor of MEMPHIS, TENN.

HON. GERARD STITH,
Mayor of NEW ORLEANS, LA.

HON. H. D. SCRANTON,
Mayor of ROCHESTER, N. Y.

HON. DE WITT C. GROVE,
Mayor of UTICA, N. Y.

HON. GEO. WILSON,
Mayor of PITTSBURG, PA.

HON. C. H. BUHL,
Mayor of DETROIT, MICH.

HON. HERMAN L. PAGE,
Mayor of MILWAUKIE, WIS.

HON. W. W. VAUGHN,
Mayor of RACINE, WIS.

HON. A. FARR,
Mayor of KENOSHA, WIS.

HON. JOHN C. HAINES,
Mayor of CHICAGO, ILL.

HON. M. J. A. HEATH,
Mayor of SELMA, ALA.

HON. A. J. NOBLE,
Mayor of MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HON. W. S. HOLYRAD,
Mayor of COLUMBUS, GA.

DON ESPARTERO MANUEL,
Mayor of VERA CRUZ.

DON PIETRE DE CABALLO,
Mayor of MEXICO.

DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES,
Mayor of HAVANA.

DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA,
Mayor of LIMA, PERU

DON M. G. MILANGNO,
Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILI.

DON MARO SESQUIPEDALIA,
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Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,
And sold by Druggists every where.

Wanted:

FOUR boys between the age of 14 and 16 years to feed a four cylinder printing press. Apply immediately at the Pittsburg *Gazette* office.—8w

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

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"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

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The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

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☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.
☞ Summer No. now ready.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "chicaper than the cheapest"—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept. 9.'63. I. N. ATKINS.

ICE CREAM SALOON
In Bridgewatr.

THE subscriber has fitted up, in an elegant and modern style, for an ICE CREAM SALOON, his house on the corner of Bridge and Mulberry Streets.

Cakes and Confectionaries,

of all kinds, constantly kept on hand.

ORDERS FOR ICE PROMPTLY FILLED.

May 25, 1864—tf FREDERICK WALZ.

ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE subscriber has opened, in connection with his CONFECTIONARY, an

ICE CREAM SALOON,

in the North-East corner of the Diamond, where persons can be accommodated. A share of the public patronage is solicited.

may25'65 FRED'K. WALTERS.

The said election will be held through the county as follows:

Estate of John Imbrie, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN IMBRIE, late of Big Beaver township, Beaver County, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. L. IMBRIE, Beaver,
B. S. IMBRIE, Darlington,
je29'64 Administrators.

T. M. McCord,
Notary Public.

OFFICE WITH
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATT'Y AT LAW,
(Near the Provost Marshal's office,
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMPT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft; also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [de16

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No 60 Nassau Street, New York.
aug12:3m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS, the Probate Court of Columbiana county, O., having granted to the undersigned letters testamentary on the estate of Horatio N. Barker, late of Perry tp. Columbiana county, Ohio, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. S. BARKER, Ex'r.,
je15'64 New Brighton.

WASHER, WRINGER and STARCHER Combined! Silver and Bronze Medals, Diplomas, Certificates, Premiums, and Testimonials, have been received from various sources, both Public and Private.

Self-Adjusting and Adjustable! The only Wringer with the Patent Cog-Wheel Regulator, for turning both rolls together and which positively prevents the rolls from breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog-wheels give it a power which renders it a most Excellent Washer pressing and separating, as it does, the dirt with the water from the clothes, leaving them dryer, whiter, and smoother than when "wrung" by hand. The water can be pressed from large and small articles, easier, quicker, and more thoroughly than by the ordinary, old-fashioned back-breaking, wrist-straining, and clothes destroying process.—The Cog-wheels prevent all "wear and tear" of clothes by the friction of the rolls or breaking of stitches by twisting.

Without Cog-wheels, the whole strain of forcing the cloth through the Machine is put upon the lower roll, and the cloth is made to act in the place of Cog-wheels, to drive the upper roll, causing a much greater strain up on the lower roll than when Cog-wheels, with our Patent Regulator, are used, besides the extra strain upon the cloth. A Good Canvasser wanted in every town. Liberal inducements offered, and exclusive sale guaranteed.

R. C. BROWING, Agent.
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WM. G. WOLF, Agent,
May 11, '64 Borough township.

☞ J. R. TODD is Agent for Universa Clothes Wringer in the Townships of Moon, Hopewell, Independence, Raccoon, Greene, and Hanover.

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address DR. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia. Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar2

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HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*
May7—3mos

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
Human Misery.
Just Published in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6 cts:

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

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HAVING devoted a number of years to successfully curing *Wens, Tumors*, &c., from motives of humanity, offers his professional services to the public of this county.—His system is simple—inevitably produces a cure without producing pain to the patient.—*No cure no pay!* Post office at Clinton, Allegheny, co., Pa.

je29'64.

AMERICAN GOLDPEN COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS of Gold Pens and Pencil Cases of every description, and Sole Manufacturers of the

Celebrated Angular Nibbed Pen.

A supply just received and for sale at the *Bridgewater Drug Store.*
jy20]

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN M. TOWNSEND, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. P. TOWNSEND, Adm'r.,
sep14 New Brighton.

DRY GOODS

FOR THE

MILLION,

AT

GARDNER & SCHLEITERS,

SUCCESSORS TO

E. R. GARDNER & CO.,

92 Market St.,

PITTSBURGH,

Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

WE take the liberty to inform our friends of Beaver county that we have largely increased our facilities for carrying on the

Dry Goods Business,

at our old stand. Our entire attention will be be devoted to the increase of our business, in which the interest of our customers will be sustained and promoted by every means in our power.

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Our stock will comprise all comprise all the the Novelties in latest importations, including reps in all colors, plain and figured blacks, plain silks in all colors, check and brocade silks, Swiss and Foulard silks, all of which we will sell at such low prices that none can fail to be suited.

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Our stock will be found replete, comprising over One Hundred different styles, in French, French, English, and German fabrics, of latest importations, at prices as low as years ago.

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We shall be in receipt of daily from New York, and our assortment, and prices, for cheapness, will be found second to none in the city. To this department we call particular attention.

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Linens, sheeting and pillow linens toilet, Marsailes and honey comb quilts, in white, blue and pink, napkins, towles, linen table covers, and Irish linens, always on hand, at the lowest prices.

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Cassimeres in plain and fancy, union cloths, tweeds, satinetts, corduroys, and men and boys wear of all kinds; the best stock in the city, at the lowest prices.

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of which we are the sole agent of several celebrated makes, which we will sell to our customers at wholesale prices.

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Domestic and imported flannels. Our stock will be found large, and well selected, and our prices will be made so moderate as to place them within reach of cassers.

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KID GLOVES AND CORSETS.

Persons visiting the city for the purpose of purchasing Dry Goods, are respectfully invited to call, as our entire stock will be found,

New, Desirable and Cheap.

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BETWEEN FIFTH STREET AND DIAMOND.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS,
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldier and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so saddan us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May7.

600,000
MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS
TO SELL
Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick,

From recent surveys, completed July 10, 1862: cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a

COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP

of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $1[illegible] 000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Bhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Bown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets, $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

FAILSTON
WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence, this week, Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.

[illegible] EPH'M. SMITH.

OCULIST.

DR. I. R. SPEER, 196 PENN STREET, Pittsburg, attends to the treatment of all

DISEASES OF THE EYE,

and performs all operations necessary to their cure. Refers to Rev. W. M. Paxton and Rev. W. A. Paxton. sep7'64-6m

The Bugle Calls! The Time Has Arrived Beyond Which Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Scrofula, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S
DENTAL TREASURY,
A COMPLETE ART OF MAKING FOR
PRESERVING THE TEETH,
Purifying the Breath and Mouth
AND
curing Toothache and Neuralgia.

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Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
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TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

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Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

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The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, post-paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or four stamps.

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Address,

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Tribune Buildings, New York

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and TOOTHACHE DROPS cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores, if they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

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The best evidences that they are is, that their firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd* is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says, "We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success rests with the fact *that his articles are precisely what they are represented to be, as we can testify from their long use.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. *We find it the best powder for the teeth we have ever used.* I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with [illegible]."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Pooder contains no acids, nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons can testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving firmness and health to the gums. Hundreds of cases of *Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth, Canker*, etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's astringent wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to courtship, and make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They should be used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

which are liable to impart a taint to the mouth. Dr. Hurd's Toothache Droops cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

Farmers and mechanics! you cannot well afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling sume you can now get preservatives, than which Rothschild or Astor can get nothing better. Remember that *Dyspepsia and Consumption of the Lungs* often originate in neglect of Teeth. Send for the *Treatise on Teeth*, and read Dr. Fitch's observations on this subject. If too late to arrest decay in your own teeth, save your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—Dr. Hurd's Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are the most pleasant and successful remedies ever prescribed for this painful disease. The patient applies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls asleep, and awakes free from pain, and no blister or other unpleasant or injurious consequences ensue. For *Earache* and *Nervous Headache*, apply according to directions, and relief will surely follow. Nothing can be obtained equal to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia. Try them. They are entirely a novel, curious and original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small, for the face, price 15 cents, and the other large, for application to the body, price 37 cents. *Will be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.*

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE DOING?

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to happiness of those using them, and they wont them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing 37 cts. for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail; but to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half-pint bottle by mail. The people want these Remedies. *Who will supply them?*

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune in carrying these articles around to families. The Dental Treasury is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one and see, or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. ☞ Now is the time to go into the business, to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address,

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Tribune Buildings, New York.

That remittances may be made with confidence, W. B. H. & Co., refer to the Mayor of Brooklyn; to G. W. Griffith, President Farmers' and Citizens Bank, Brooklyn; to Joy, Coe, &c., New York; to P. T. Barnum, Esq., New York, etc., etc.

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NEW FALL
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Men and Boys Hats, Ladies and Misses Hasis, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, and
YANKEE NOTIONS,

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CELEBRATED CHEAP STORE,
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Come and See for Yourselves

before purchasing, and be convinced how low Dry Goods can yet be bought.

Remember the Place,
NEAR THE POST OFFICE,
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Office of J[illegible]
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

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Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

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